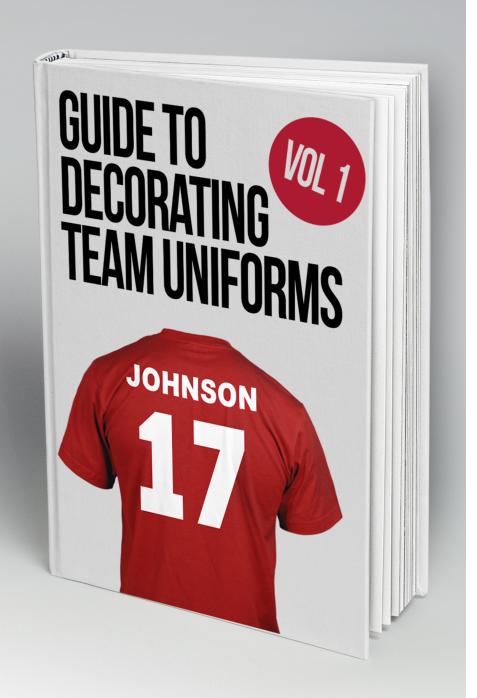


# FREE GUIDE TO DECORATING TEAM UNIFORMS





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Recommendations based on NFHS standard

We strongly recommend researching the uniform rules for your teams governing body as standards may var



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F&M's Solution To Dye-Migratio

Uniform examples are from the Augusta Sportswear collection.

# Baseball Uniforms

# Decorating the Uniform



## dditional Products



## Alternate Uniform





#### **Application Tip**

Cut the transfer before application of split front shirts, open the shirt and apply each side one at a time. Make sure to factor in the overlap of the sowhen placing the left portion of the design.

# Basketball Uniforms

# **Decorating The Uniform**

Men's Uniform

Front Number
The number on the

front should be at least 4" in height.



#### **Number Location**

The number on the front and back centered vertically and horizontally on visible portion.

#### **Contrasting Colors**

Numbers should be a contrasting color than the uniform.





#### Women's Uniform



#### **Back Number**

The number on the back should be at leaset 6" in height.

#### **Accents**

Any decorative team accent is permitted only above the number on front of the uniform.





## **Player Name**

Player's name may appear horizontally on the back of the uniforr above the number.

ips For Choosing The Correct Player Numbers

## **Number Range**

Players may choose numbers consisting of: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5.

#### **Duplicates**

If a player chooses the number **0**, there may only be a **0** or a **00**. Both numbers may not be used on the same team.

#### **Player Identification**

Using numbers 0 - 5 allows the referee to use his hands when identifying a player during the game.

# Football Uniforms

Back Number

in height.

**Home Color** 

must be a dark

color.

The number on the bac

should be at least 10"

**Number Range** 

required to have a

number that ranges

All players are

from 1 to 99.

# **Decorating The Uniform**

#### **Front Number**

The number on the front should be at least 8" in height.





## **Number Location**

The number should be placed on the front an back of the uniform, centered horizontally.



Numbers should be a contrasting color than the uniform.





- Additional Information

#### **Sleeve Numbers**

Numbers may appear on the sleeves at 4" in height.

#### **Team Name**

The name of the team may appear on the front of the uniform above the number.

#### **Player Name**

The name of the player may appear on the back of the uniform above the number.

# Lacrosse Uniforms



#### Tome Uniforms

#### **Uniform Color**

Uniforms should be ingle solid color. Collar, affs, and waistband may be of contrasting colors no more than 2" in width.



#### **Side Inserts**

Side incerts from the armpit to wristband can be of contrasting color, but no more than 3" in width.



#### **Uniform Color**

Uniforms should be single solid color. Collar, cuffs, and waistband may be of contrasting colors no more than 1" in width.

# Soccer Uniforms

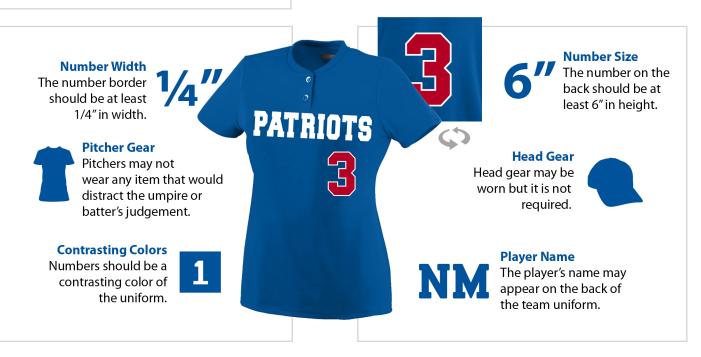






# Softball Uniforms

# **Decorating The Uniform**



# **Additional Products**



## Alternate Uniform





# **Preventing Dye-Migration**

niforms are usually printed on polyester which leads to a risk of dye-migration

## What Is It?

Dye-migration is when the color of the fabric bleeds onto the imprint.

## **Two Causes**

1. Adequate Coverage - there needs to be enough ink 2.Temperature Control - 350 - 360 degrees F is the minimum temperature where bleeding starts



## F&M's Solution

thletic Formula: with our formula, you can apply the transfer at 325 degrees F. 5 temperature is safely below the dye migration - so that it is not at risk to bleed.

This formula is also loaded with enough ink for full coverage.

# **Dealing With Mesh**



## Tricot (Small Holes)

You can safely apply transfers to Tricot without any special guidance.

## Porthole (Wide Holes)

You can apply transfer to Porthole either by keeping the holes open, or to close off the holes with the transfer.

#### Open Holes

Under the mesh garment, place old, cotton shirt. This way the ink will stick to the cotton when pressed which will keep the holes open on the mesh garment.

#### **Closed Holes**

Under the mesh garment, place teflon sheet. The ink will not stick to the teflon and will stay attached to the mesh garment